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LAMBA: Latvian language in monolingual and bilingual acquisition











What is the project all about?

- Systematic and comprehensive investigation of monolingual and bilingual acquisition of the Latvian language
- Challenges addressed:
 - lack of early language assessment instruments
 - lack of developmental norms and population studies
 - lack of resources: child corpora, experimental data...
 - lack of studies focusing on early bilingual acquisition of Latvian
 - poor visibility of Latvian in the international academic arena
 - lack of international collaboration in language acquisition



Goals of the project

Developing tools:

- MacArthur-Bates Communicative Development Inventory (CDI) Latvian adaptation: CDI-I (8-16 months) and CDI-II (16-36 months)
- Latvian Phoneme Accuracy Test (3;0-6;0 years) expanded and adapted for use with Russian-dominant children and normed for both languages

Developing research resources:

- Longitudinal corpora of child language of two Latvian monolingual and two Latvian-Russian bilingual children: recorded, transcribed, coded and annotated
- Normative dataset of phoneme accuracy of Latvian- and Russian-speaking children
- Normative dataset of CDI-I and CDI-II for Latvian monolinguals
- Experimental data on phonological and morphosyntactic development for monoand bilinguals



Goals of the project

Developing knowledge:

- Generate new knowledge on early language development of Latvian-speaking children, monolingual and bilingual
- increase understanding of factors involved in language acquisition in general

Sharing research results & increasing awareness:

 Dissemination and information targeting different groups to attract attention of researchers, practitioners, parents and the wider community to the importance of child language studies and recent developments

Developing expertise:

- through training of research staff
- through developing research-based course modules (Synergy with Scholarship Activity)



Funding & Duration

- Program LV05 "Bilateral Research Cooperation" under the EEA and Norway Grants: EUR 501 021
- Self co-financing contributed by the UiT the Arctic University of Norway and the University of Oslo: EUR 138 673
- TOTAL BUDGET: EUR 639 694
- Duration: **26** months (March 2015 April 2017)
- Research & technical staff directly involved: 27 people

UiO Center for Multilingualism in Society across the Lifespan University of Oslo

The Team



The Team



Structure of the Project

- WP1: Latvian adaptation and norming of MacArthur-Bates Communicative Development Inventories (CDI)
- WP2: Development and norming of Latvian and Russian phoneme tests
- WP3: Development of 4 dense longitudinal child speech corpora with 2 monolingual Latvian children and 2 Latvian-Russian bilingual children orthographically transcribed and morphologically annotated
- WP4: Experimental study of phonological and morphological aspects of monolingual and bilingual acquisition of Latvian



WP1 What is MacArthur-Bates CDI?

- Tool assessing communicative development in children 8 months

 –3 years:
 - vocabulary
 - communicative gestures
 - grammatical development
- Parental report tool:
 - not affected by performance limitations in the child
 - reliable information on child's linguistic competence
 - time & cost efficient
- Developed originally for children speaking American English (Fenson et al. 1994; Fenson et al. 2007)
- Adapted to over 60 languages both spoken and signed, including Norwegian, Danish, Finnish, Estonian, Russian etc.



WP1 What is CDI used for?

- Typical populations:
 - norm-referenced assessment tool for mono- and bilingual children
 - cross-linguistic comparisons (Bleses et al. 2008)
- Atypical populations: evaluation, screening and monitoring tool:
 - Specific language impairment (Thal et al. 1999)
 - Down syndrome (Berglund, Eriksson & Johansson 2001)
 - Autism (Charman et al. 2003)
 - Cochlear implants (Thal et al. 2007)
- Populations at risk of developing language impairment: monitoring
 - otitis media (Feldman et al. 2003)
 - healthy preterm children (Magill-Evans & Harrison 1999)
 - familial risk of dyslexia (Koster et al. 2005)



WP1 Latvian CDI: outputs

For parents & practitioners:

- Two electronic forms, available online:
 - CDI I: Words & Gestures (for children aged 8 to 16 months)
 - CDI II: Words & Sentences (for children aged 16 to 36 months)
 - scores calculated automatically
 - convenient comparison with population norms (based on a sample of 2320 children, assuming 35% response rate)

For scholars:

 Normative data available through open-access Wordbank database (http://wordbank.stanford.edu/): cross-linguistic comparisons, statistics, visualizations, etc.



WP1 Latvian adaptation of CDI

- First language assessment tool normed with Latvian population
- First tool to provide a comprehensive overview of lexical and grammatical development of Latvian children
- First tool that does not require specialized training to administer, score & evaluate





WP1 Timeline

2015

- Develop Latvian adaptation of CDI:WG and CDI:WS
- Pilot adaptations with a sample of parents
- Get approval of the CDI Advisory Board

2016

- Develop electronic CDI forms: http://cdi.lamba.lv/ (first version)
- Implement a large-scale web-based data collection
- Test Latvian CDI for validity & reliability
- Analyze the results quantitatively and qualitatively
- Create a detailed user manual

2017

 Make all resources freely available: Wordbank, CHILDES, downloads from partners' websites

WP2 Pronunciation accuracy tests

What is it?

- a picture-based tool to assess the development of pronunciation in children from 3 to 6 years of age
- pilot-tested for picture recognizability
- available in Latvian and in Russian
- assesses consonants in three positions in the word (initial, medial, final)
- assesses a range of consonant clusters (initial and medial);
- modeled after Norsk Fonemtest
- complete with developmental norms (n = 500 in each population)

WP2 Pronunciation accuracy tests

Why do educators, speech therapists and parents need it?

- the only norm-referenced tool of its kind for Latvian
- quick & easy to administer (full test takes 10 to 20 min.)
- easy to score (comes with user-friendly scoring sheets & detailed manual)
- easy to interpret the score (comes with developmental norms)
- two comparable versions Latvian and Russian enable evaluation of bilinguals
- available for download free of charge

Why do scholars need it?

- full recorded normative dataset available: wealth of data on phonemic development
- convenient tool for matching children on phonological skills & pre-selection of children with specific characteristics



WP2 Timeline

2015

- Develop Latvian phoneme test
- Develop an equivalent tool in Russian so that bilingual children can be tested in both languages
- Pilot all picture stimuli to ensure they elicit target words and are easy to identify; & all target words are familiar to the children of target age

2016

- Obtain developmental norms (recording and assessment, n =1000 total)
- Analyze data quantitatively & qualitatively
- Develop detailed user manuals

2017

Make full normative dataset, tools & manuals freely available through partners' websites



WP3 Longitudinal Latvian child speech corpora

· What is it?

- 4 dense recorded longitudinal corpora (naturalistic setting)
- 2 Latvian monolinguals & 2 Latvian-Russian bilinguals
- recorded 30 minutes per week, for 16 months (ca. 20 to 36 months of age)
- total of 192 hours of spoken interaction
- orthographically transcribed
- coded using CHAT the standard transcription system utilized in Child Language Data Exchange System (CHILDES; MacWhinney 1987, 2000, 2014)
- audio recordings and transcriptions linked and synchronized
- automatic morphological tagging using MOR program
- MOR grammar developed for the Latvian language
- available for free through CHILDES database



WP3 Longitudinal Latvian child speech corpora

Why is it needed?

- there are currently no recorded longitudinal data of Latvian child language (diary studies: Rūķe-Draviņa 1982, 1993, Markus 2003)
- glimpse into bilingual language development as it unfolds
- wealth of information on language development
 - error rates; type & token frequencies of lexical & grammatical categories; omission errors; developmental tendencies; phonological development
 - child-directed speech; parent-child interactions; conversational turntaking; etc.
 - cross-linguistic comparisons
 - validation of formal assessment tools

WP3 Timeline

- 2015
 - Recording & transcription of corpora
- · 2016
 - Recording & transcription of corpora
 - Coding corpora in CHAT format
 - Development of MOR grammar for Latvian & adaptation of existing morphological taggers
- 2017
 - Analysis of the results
 - corpora are submitted to CHILDES database and made available to everyone



WP4 Experimental study of (morpho)phonological acquisition of Latvian

What is it?

- Three experiments targeting Latvian-Russian bilinguals:
 - Acquisition of morphosyntactic properties: adjectival gender agreement
 - Acquisition of morphophonological alternations in nominal inflection
 - Aquisition of segmental contrasts: accuracy of production and complexity of inventories

Why is it needed?

- Unique bilingual situation with a sizeable Russian-speaking minority, and efforts towards bilingual preschool and school education
- Early bilingual acquisition of Latvian is poorly understood
 - E.g. Kušķe (2013b) lists bilingualism as a reason for language delays in school-aged children
- Bilingual children a vulnerable group; bilingualism is often seen as a liability, not an advantage



WP4 Timeline

2015

- Develop & pilot methodology and stimuli
- Adapt Utrecht Bilingual Exposure Calculator to Latvian and Russian;

2016

- Recording sessions in Latvian kindergartens (n = 120 children, 400 sessions)
- Transcription of experimental data
- Qualitative & quantitative analysis

· 2017

- Publishing the results
- Sharing experimental datasets via Tromsø Repository of Language and Linguistics



Sharing the Results

- All tools, norms & datasets will be open access.
- Assessment tools with related manuals and norms available for free download from the project webpage.
- Longitudinal corpora of child speech donated to the Child Language Data Exchange System (CHILDES - http://childes.psy.cmu.edu/).
- CDI data shared through Wordbank (web-based cross-linguistic database for lexical data from adaptations of CDI -http://wordbank.stanford.edu_), the full normative dataset - made available via CHILDES.
- Experimental datasets and statistical analyses made available via the Tromsø Repository of Language and Linguistics (TROLLing -http://opendata.uit.no/).



What's next?

- Massive open-access research resources created = sustainability:
 - joint publications
 - student projects
 - research-based course modules (synergy with Scholarship Activity)
 - new research projects & grant applications
- Comparable resources across countries
 - Basis for cross-linguistic comparisons and joint international projects
- Summer School in linguistics in Latvia?
 - use of new tools & resources;
 - theory & methodology of language acquisition

Go global?

 research network uniting scholars working on Baltic linguistics in the Baltic States and beyond

Thank you



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